











Safety Data Sheet

Natural Additions are not classified as dangerous products according to European Union legislation, and they are used as flavourings for food, for example in the brewing of beer. However, this safety data sheet is provided voluntarily according (as appropriate) to the principles of the Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulations (Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008).

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE AND OF THE COMPANY

1.1 Product Identifier **Natural Additions** This SDS is applicable to Natural Additions 'Coconut', 'Coriander', 'Honey', 1.2 Synonyms 'Smoke', 'Tangerine', Bergamot and 'Tropical' 1.3 Relevant Uses To be used as a flavouring for foods and beverages. Not for direct consumption as an undiluted product 1.4 Supplier BarthHaas / BarthHaas UK

1.5 Emergency Contact **Details**

BarthHaas / BarthHaas UK

Hop Pocket Lane, Paddock Wood, Kent, TN12 6DQ, UK

Emergency phone: +44 1892 833 415 (09:00 - 17:30 Mon-

Thurs; 09:00 - 16:30 Fri, UK time) Email: enquiries@barthhaas.co.uk







2. HAZARD INDENTIFCATION

Not classified (Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008) 2.1 Classification

2.2 Label Elements N/A (not classified)

2.3 Other Hazards None

3. COMPONENTS/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component	Concentration (% m/m)	CAS no.	EINECS no.	Hazard classification of the individual component
Propylene glycol (propan-1,2-diol)	59 - 95	57-55-6	200-338-0	Propylene glycol has a workplace exposure limit assigned. It is non hazardous when used as directed. Propylene glycol is registered as a food additive in the European Union as E 1520.





4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of First Aid Methods:

- Inhalation
- Skin Contact
- Eye Contact
- Oral Ingestion
- Move the exposed person to fresh air at once. If not breathing give artificial respiration. Obtain medical attention if discomfort continues.
- Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water
- Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Consult a physician.
- Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth thoroughly provided person is conscious. Consult a physician.

4.2 Most important symptoms and Effects

See labelling Section 2.2 and Section 11

4.3 Indications of Immediate Medical No data available

5 FIRE AID MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing Media Carbon dioxide, water spray, dry powder and alcohol-resistant foam. Do not

use full water jet.

5.2 Special Hazards Will give rise to toxic fumes in fire.

Arising from Substance

5.3 Advice for Firefighters should wear self-contained positive pressure breathing apparatus

Firefighters





6. ACCDIENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal Protection Wear appropriate protective clothing – see Section 8.

6.2 Environmental Do not discharge onto the ground or into watercourses

Precautions

6.3 Methods for Contain spillage using earth, sand or other inert material.

Cleaning Up Transfer to suitable sealed container prior to disposal.

Wash spillage site with water. Do not contaminate water sources or sewer.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for Safe Avoid spilling, skin and eye contact

Handling P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other

ignition sources. No smoking.

7.2 Conditions for Safe P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other

Storage ignition sources. No smoking

P233: Keep container tightly closed.

P403 + P235: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Suitable storage is high-grade stainless steel, glass, aluminium or lacquered

steel drums.

7.3 Specific End Uses The substance is manufactured from food ingredients and it is for use as a

processing aid during the manufacture of foodstuffs. It is therefore not

subject to registration via REACH (Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006) for such

uses. It should be used in accordance with applicable food legislation.







8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control Parameters

Components of the preparation for which there are workplace exposure limits:

- Propylene glycol: UK: long term exposure limit, measured as 8-hour time weighted average (TWA) (refs.1.3): 150 ppm (474 mg/m³) for total vapour and particulates; 10 mg/m³ for particulates.
- Propylene glycol is present at 59 95 % w/w (see Section 3)

8.2 Exposure Controls:

- **Engineering** Controls
- Eye/Face **Protection**
- **Hand Protection**
- **Skin Protection**
- Respiratory **Protection**
- Provide adequate ventilation. Observe the workplace exposure limits and minimize the risk of inhalation of vapours.
- If in danger of splashing, wear chemical goggles.
- Suitable protective gloves if risk of skin contact.
- If danger of splashing, wear PVC or rubber apron
- Not normally required







9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

a) Physical state Liquid

b) Color Clear, transparent to pale yellow

c) Odor Specific for one particular variety each

d) Melting Not practical to measure

point/Freezing point

No data available. Data for propylene glycol: >150 °C (302 °F) e) Boiling point

f) Flammability Flammable liquid (Category 3)

g) Lower and upper No data available. Data for propylene glycol: Heat or flame may cause

explosion limit explosions.

47 °C h) Flash point

i) Auto-ignition Not practical to measure

temperature

j) Decomposition No hazardous decomposition when used for its intended use.

temperature

k) pH Not practical to measure

l) Kinematic viscosity Not practical to measure

m) Solubility Miscible

n) Partition coefficient Not practical to measure

n-octanol/water (log

value)

No data available. Data for propylene glycol: <10 mbar at 20 °C o) Vapor pressure







p) Density [kg/m³] 1.026 - 1.062

q) Relative vapor

Not practical to measure

density

r) Particle Not practical to measure

characteristics





10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity No reactivity hazards known.

10.2 Chemical Stability Stable if stored according to Section 7.2 and 10.5

10.3 Possibility of

Hazardous Reaction

None known

10.4 Conditions to

Avoid

Heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources

10.5 Incompatible

Materials

Strong oxidizing substances. Strong acids. Strong bases

10.6 Hazardous

Fire creates carbon monoxide (CO) and carbon dioxide (CO₂).

Decomposition Products

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Acute Toxicity Not known. The Product contains propylene glycol at 59 - 95 % w/w as

indicated in Section 3. Propylene glycol is registered as a food additive in the

EU as E 1520.

Toxicological data for propylene glycol: LD50 oral rat, mouse 22, 22 g*kg⁻¹,

respectively (1)

Propylene glycol may cause local irritation of skin and mucuous memebranes

(1). Spray and vapour in the eyes may cause irritation and smarting (2).

11.2 Skin No data available. Contains components that are classified as causing skin

Corrosion/Irritation irritation – see Section 3.

11.3 Serious Eye No data available. Contains components that are classified as causing skin

Damage/Irritation irritation – see Section 3.

11.4 Respiratory or Skin No data available. Contains components that are classified as causing skin

Sensitization irritation – see Section 3.

11.5 Germ Cell No data available

Mutagenicity



11.6 Carcinogenicity No data available

11.7 Reproductive

Toxicity

No data available

11.8 STOT- Single

Exposure

No data available

11.9 STOT-Repeated

Exposure

No data available

11.10 Aspiration Hazard No data available. Contains components that are classified as causing skin

irritation - see Section 3.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Ecotoxicity No data available.

Contains components classified as Chronic Aquatic Category 2 (see Section

3).

The concentration of this component indicates a classification of Chronic

Aquatic Category 3 for the mixture.

12.2 Persistence and

Degradability

No data available. Propylene glycol is biodegradable.

12.3 Bioaccumulative

Potential

No data available. The bioconcentration of propylene glycol has been

estimated as <1 (1).

No data available. Miscible with water. 12.4 Mobility in Soil

12.5 Results of PBT

Exposure:

No data available

12.6 Other Adverse

Effects Exposure

No data available





13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Product Disposal Dispose in accordance with all applicable local and national regulations.

13.2 Container Disposal Labels should not be removed from containers until they have been cleaned.

Contaminated containers should not be treated as household waste. Containers should be cleaned using appropriate methods and then re-used or

disposed of by landfill or incineration as appropriate.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1 UN-Number 1197

14.2 Class 3

14.3 Shipping name Extracts, flavouring, liquid

14.4 Packing Group III

14.5 Marine pollutant: Not data available

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, Health, and Not classified (Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008)

Environmental The substance is a food ingredient and its therefore not subject to

Regulations registration via REACH (Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006).

15.2 Chemical Safety No.

Assessments

No data available



16. OTHER INFORMATION

The information in this safety data sheet is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is based on our present knowledge and should be used only as a supplement to information already in your possession concerning this product. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. The determination of whether and under what condition the product should be used is yours to make. We do not accept any liability for loss, injury or damage that may result from ist use.

References: (1) Dictionary of Substances and their Effects (DOSE), 3rd Electronic Edition, 2005 (Royal Society of Chemistry/.Knovel Corp.) (2) Supplier SDS for propylene glycol. (3) EH40/2005 Workplace Exposure Limits, Health and Safety Executive, 2nd Edition 2011. General references for Pbackground: supplier SDS for grapefruit oil and for lactic acid.